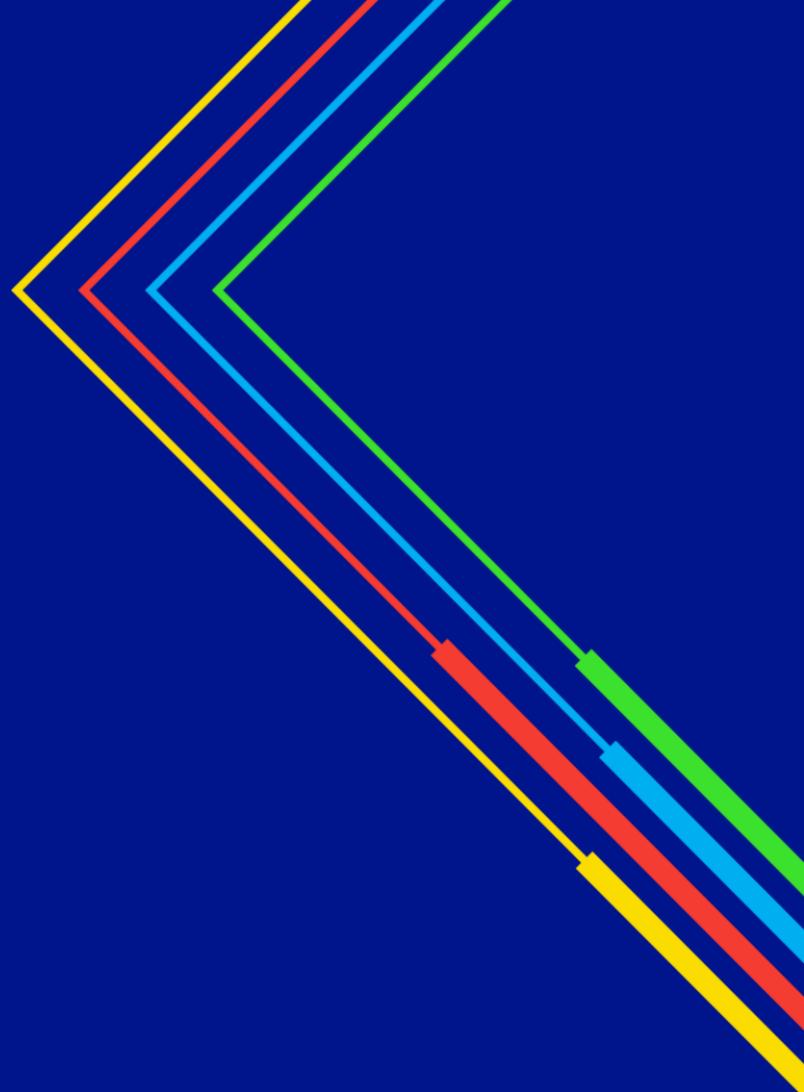


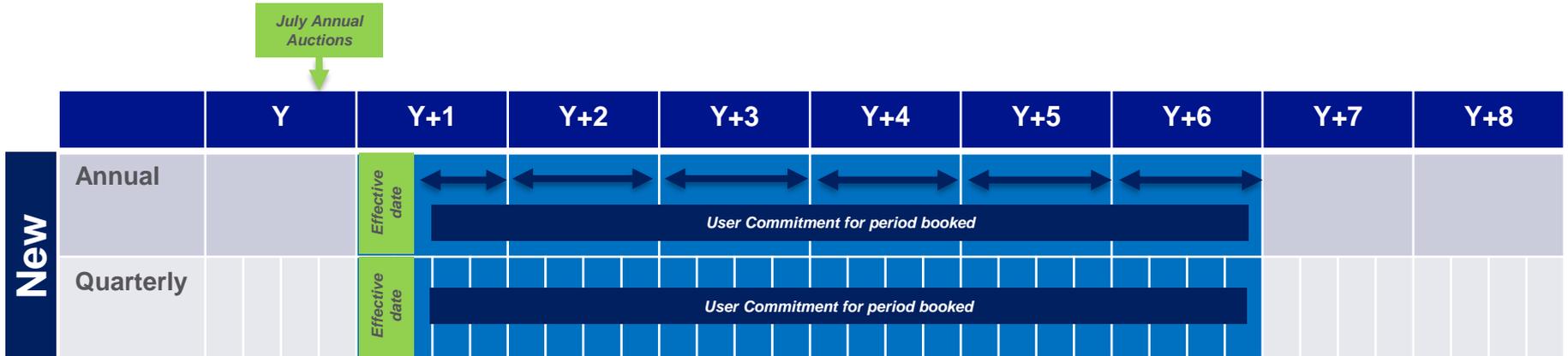
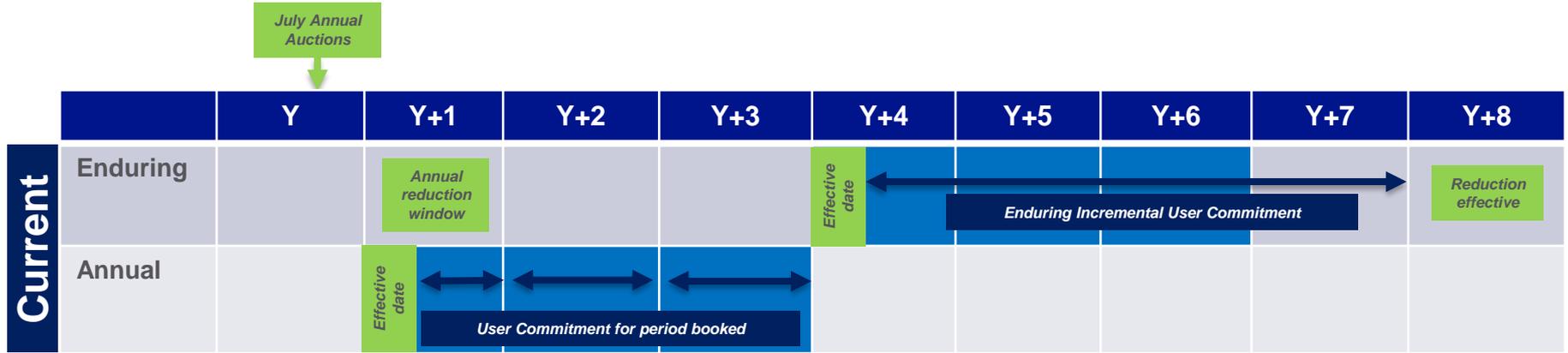
# Capacity Access Review

Transmission Workgroup  
7<sup>th</sup> October

national**grid**



# Enduring product replacement – impact on UC



# Incremental capacity triggered through PARCA

There is a risk that reducing User Commitment could lead to an increased requirement for substitution analysis

- Historically substitution analysis has taken between 7-14 weeks to carry out
- NG is funded through RIIO-2 to carry out a particular volume of substitution analysis based on passed requirements

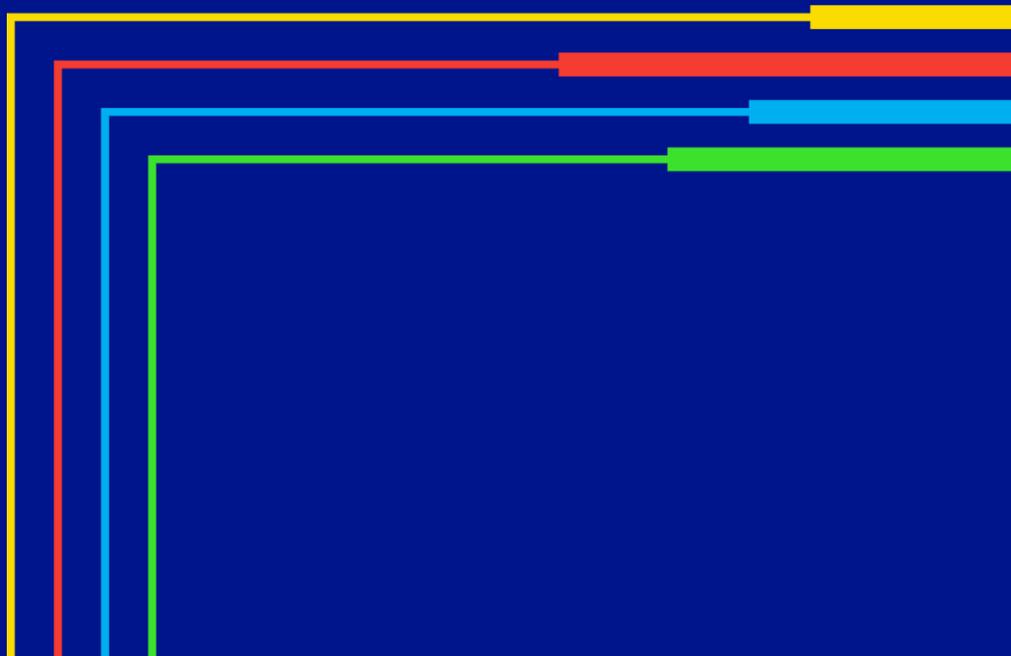
A further option could be that the long-term auction is retained for baseline capacity bookings, however incremental bookings are made through the PARCA process

- Additional advantage of providing consistent levels of information

# 02

## Moving Capacity between offtake points

nationalgrid



# Request acceptance/rejection criteria

When looking at the impact of capacity movement on NTS we will focus on pressures rather than trying to determine exchange rates for each individual request.

Where pressure drops significantly, we will assume the exchange rate is not close to 1:1 and reject the capacity movement request. To give the industry clarity as to why the request is being rejected, we would share what the pressure drop would be and/or what potential impact the request could have if it was accepted - examples (as per Network Planning Code):

- Be unsustainable with planned and actual infrastructure
- Require investments to be brought forward in the investment plan
- Increase operational costs (particularly compression costs)
- Reduce capability at NTS Entry Points
- Reduce available system flexibility capacity
- Impact on other offtake points in the area

If more than one request is put forward for capacity movement within the same Network Exit Capability Zone by one Shipper/Transporter, an overall impact would be measured and the acceptance/rejection decision will be based on the accumulative outcome of the assessment made. *(N.B if capacity is moved between 2 specific Exit Points which are in different Network Exit Capability Zones, the outcome of the assessment will be determined by looking at the exchange rate rather than the pressure impact)*

# Analysis – example 1

| LDZ  | Offtake   |           | Applicable from (dd/mm/yy) | Quantity (mcm/d) | Exchange rates |
|------|-----------|-----------|----------------------------|------------------|----------------|
|      | From      | To        |                            |                  |                |
| LDZ1 | Offtake 1 | Offtake 2 | 01/10/2021                 | 0.75             | 2.4:1          |
| LDZ1 | Offtake 1 | Offtake 3 |                            | 0.85             | 1.7:1          |
| LDZ1 | Offtake 1 | Offtake 4 |                            | 0.67             | 1.6:1          |
| LDZ1 | Offtake 1 | Offtake 5 |                            | 1.86             | 2.2:1          |

Assumption is being made that if the impact on NTS pressures is minimal, the exchange is 1:1

*N.B This method follows similar approach we take to conduct substitution analysis i.e. when choosing donor sites for substitution we are looking for the best exchange rate (solution with minimal impact on pressure drop).*

This capacity movement request would be **rejected**.

Largest pressure drops

| Offtake   | Original pressure | Pressure after movement | Difference   |
|-----------|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------|
| Offtake A | 56.44             | 54.11                   | -2.33        |
| Offtake B | 56.44             | 54.11                   | -2.33        |
| Offtake C | 53.06             | 50.11                   | -2.95        |
| Offtake D | 53.05             | 50.11                   | -2.94        |
| Offtake E | 55.96             | 53.61                   | -2.35        |
| Offtake F | 48.15             | 43.88                   | <b>-4.27</b> |

Largest pressure increases

| Offtake   | Original pressure | Pressure after movement | Difference |
|-----------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| Offtake G | 50.50             | 52.92                   | 2.42       |
| Offtake H | 50.50             | 52.92                   | 2.42       |
| Offtake I | 51.66             | 54.01                   | 2.35       |
| Offtake J | 58.95             | 63.16                   | 4.21       |
| Offtake K | 58.95             | 63.17                   | 4.22       |
| Offtake L | 58.95             | 63.16                   | 4.21       |

Significant pressure loss along FDR[X], particularly at extremity (offtake F obligation is 45)

# Analysis – example 2

| LDZ   | Offtake   |           | Applicable from<br>(dd/mm/yy) | Quantity<br>(mcm/d) | Exchange<br>rate |
|-------|-----------|-----------|-------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|
|       | From      | To        |                               |                     |                  |
| LDZ 2 | Offtake 1 | Offtake 2 | 1/10/2021                     | 0.676               | 1:1              |
| LDZ 2 | Offtake 1 | Offtake 3 |                               | 0.676               | 1.02:1           |
| LDZ 2 | Offtake 1 | Offtake 4 |                               | 0.136               | 1:1              |

This capacity movement request would be **accepted**.

## Largest pressure drops

| Offtake   | Original pressure | Pressure after movement | Difference |
|-----------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| Offtake X | 54.10             | 54.05                   | -0.05      |

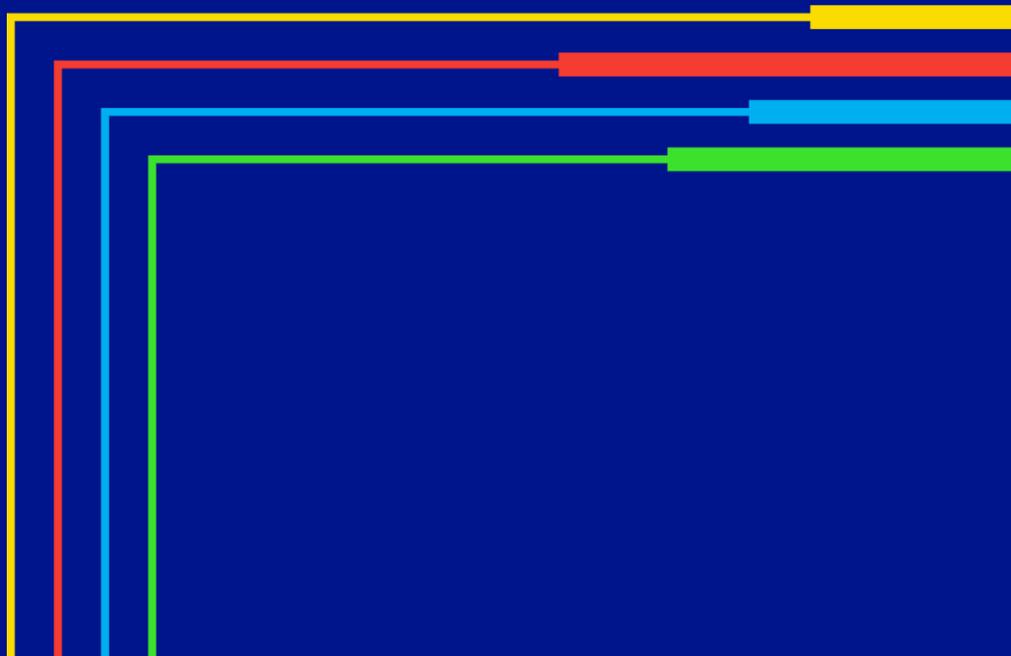
Favourable movement of capacity for pressures on the network

## Largest pressure increases

| Offtake   | Original pressure | Pressure after movement | Difference |
|-----------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| Offtake A | 50.50             | 52.02                   | 1.52       |
| Offtake B | 50.50             | 52.02                   | 1.52       |
| Offtake C | 63.95             | 64.32                   | 0.37       |
| Offtake D | 54.48             | 55.67                   | 1.19       |
| Offtake E | 62.91             | 63.33                   | 0.42       |
| Offtake F | 62.91             | 63.33                   | 0.42       |
| Offtake G | 51.66             | 53.02                   | 1.36       |
| Offtake H | 58.95             | 59.61                   | 0.66       |
| Offtake I | 58.95             | 59.61                   | 0.66       |
| Offtake J | 58.95             | 59.61                   | 0.66       |

# 03

## Overruns



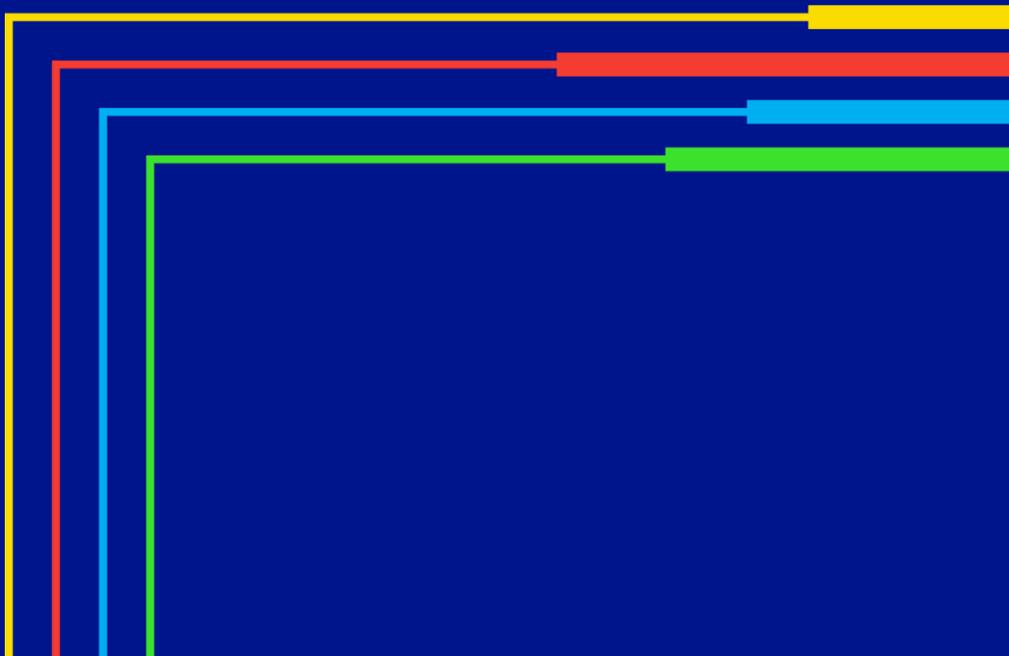
# Entry data (October 2020 – July 2021)

|        | No of Overruns |       | Charge Quantity (mcm) |       | Charge Amount (£) |            | No of Users |       | No of ASEPs |       |
|--------|----------------|-------|-----------------------|-------|-------------------|------------|-------------|-------|-------------|-------|
|        | 20/21          | 19/20 | 20/21                 | 19/20 | 20/21             | 19/20      | 20/21       | 19/20 | 20/21       | 19/20 |
| Oct    | 319            | 129   | 10.84                 | 3.40  | 270,470.21        | 34,373.94  | 31          | 21    | 9           | 8     |
| Nov    | 369            | 98    | 15.83                 | 3.77  | 442,615.19        | 10,749.94  | 25          | 17    | 8           | 9     |
| Dec    | 403            | 123   | 7.63                  | 5.41  | 180,741.39        | 35,823.08  | 26          | 18    | 10          | 7     |
| Jan    | 379            | 200   | 8.73                  | 6.64  | 203,889.59        | 69,319.21  | 23          | 25    | 8           | 10    |
| Feb    | 410            | 117   | 8.31                  | 2.93  | 196,899.49        | 30,807.88  | 24          | 15    | 8           | 8     |
| Mar    | 500            | 160   | 10.90                 | 6.48  | 273,012.66        | 82,350.69  | 24          | 24    | 8           | 7     |
| Apr    | 565            | 146   | 25.93                 | 15.64 | 606,193.82        | 57,607.67  | 29          | 20    | 8           | 9     |
| May    | 551            | 141   | 9.93                  | 3.55  | 227,449.21        | 36,474.81  | 29          | 17    | 10          | 6     |
| Jun    | 405            | 132   | 12.82                 | 2.43  | 303,336.73        | 26,130.22  | 26          | 18    | 8           | 8     |
| Jul    | 416            | 130   | 10.99                 | 3.50  | 260,174.05        | 27,093.50  | 25          | 17    | 7           | 7     |
| Total* | 4317           | 1376  | 121.91                | 53.75 | 2,704,608.29      | 410,730.94 | 262         | 192   |             |       |

# Exit data (October 2020 – July 2021)

|       | No of Overruns |       | Charge Quantity (mcm) |       | Charge Amount (£) |           | No of Users |       | No of Offtakes |       |
|-------|----------------|-------|-----------------------|-------|-------------------|-----------|-------------|-------|----------------|-------|
|       | 20/21          | 19/20 | 20/21                 | 19/20 | 20/21             | 19/20     | 20/21       | 19/20 | 20/21          | 19/20 |
| Oct   | 137            | 1     | 9.11                  | 0.21  | 111,795           | 2,874.67  | 16          | 1     | 28             | 1     |
| Nov   | 158            | 0     | 8.40                  | -     | 102,316.93        | -         | 19          | -     | 30             | 0     |
| Dec   | 178            | 0     | 8.53                  | -     | 96,007.55         | -         | 21          | -     | 31             | 0     |
| Jan   | 142            | 2     | 10.25                 | 0.02  | 131,626.60        | 1.32      | 17          | 1     | 31             | 2     |
| Feb   | 166            | 8     | 8.59                  | 1.24  | 92,831.55         | 8,746.03  | 15          | 4     | 29             | 4     |
| Mar   | 144            | 5     | 3.12                  | 0.22  | 38,972.44         | 19.52     | 15          | 3     | 25             | 3     |
| Apr   | 218            | 0     | 6.85                  | 0.00  | 83,208.21         | 0         | 20          | 0     | 34             |       |
| May   | 179            | 2     | 5.45                  | 0.61  | 66,865.05         | 6,906.76  | 20          | 2     | 31             | 2     |
| Jun   | 121            | 7     | 2.74                  | 0.18  | 35,604.23         | 4,786.78  | 15          | 3     | 26             | 3     |
| Jul   | 163            | 15    | 4.82                  | 13.27 | 50,184.96         | 2,275.51  | 17          | 12    | 27             | 3     |
| Total | 1606           | 40    | 67.85                 | 15.74 | 809,412.39        | 23,335.08 | 175         | 26    |                |       |

# Appendix



# Baseline to baseline scenario

| Baseline to baseline                    | Point A | Point B      | Total |
|---|---------|--------------|-------|
| Baseline before                         | 100     | 100          | 200   |
| Current booking                         | 90      | 80           | 170   |
| Capacity moved                          | -10     | 10           |       |
| New/net (fully adjusted) total capacity | 80      | 90           |       |
| Net position (invoiced)                 | 80      | <b>80+10</b> | 170   |
| UDQO                                    | 100     | 100          |       |
| Overrun quantity                        | 20      | 10           |       |
| Baseline after                          | 100     | 100          | 200   |

- This scenario will be beneficial if 2 year User Commitment on baseline capacity will be maintained
- If User Commitment for baseline capacity is reduced to 0 for GDNs, GDNs will use the July window to reduce booking at Point A and increase at Point B rather than using the capacity movement process. Directly connected Users might still find the process useful.
- User Commitment will be payable on the remaining of the 2 year commitment period at point B on **10** Units (*in addition to exiting commitment on Point B on 80, if any*) – User Commitment continues rather than restarts.
- If you didn't have any User Commitment at Point A, you wouldn't incur any once capacity moved
- Baseline will not change

# Baseline to Incremental scenario

| Baseline to incremental                 | Point A | Point B      | Total |
|---|---------|--------------|-------|
| Baseline before                         | 100     | 100          | 200   |
| Current booking                         | 90      | 80           | 170   |
| Capacity moved                          | -45     | 45           |       |
| New/net (fully adjusted) total capacity | 45      | 125          |       |
| Net position (invoiced)                 | 45      | <b>80+45</b> | 170   |
| UDQO                                    | 120     | 120          |       |
| Overrun quantity                        | -75     | 0            |       |
| Baseline after                          | 55      | 145          | 200   |

- [4] year User Commitment starts on **125** units at point B once capacity is moved
- Potentially only beneficial if Users have existing User Commitment on baseline capacity at Point A (if not, Users would be able to do this via current process of booking reduction and increase in the July window)
- *Point A continues being liable for the User Commitment on 45, if applicable*
- Baselines will be changed

# Incremental to Baseline scenario

| Incremental to Baseline | Point A   | Point B      | Total |
|-------------------------|-----------|--------------|-------|
| Baseline                | 100(110)  | 100          | 210   |
| Current booking         | 110       | 70           | 180   |
| Capacity moved          | -20       | 20           |       |
| New total capacity      | 90        | 90           |       |
| Net position (invoiced) | <b>90</b> | <b>70+20</b> | 180   |
| UDQO                    | 120       | 120          |       |
| <i>Overrun quantity</i> | -30       | -30          |       |
| Baseline                | 90        | 120          | 210   |

- [4] year User Commitment continues at Point A on **90** units
- Remaining of [4] year User Commitment continues being paid on **20** units moved to Point B (in addition to existing commitment, if any, on **70**)
- Baselines will change

# Incremental to Incremental scenario

| Incremental to Incremental              | Point A    | Point B       | Total |
|---|------------|---------------|-------|
| Baseline                                | 100(120)   | 100(110)      | 230   |
| Current booking                         | 120        | 110           | 230   |
| Capacity moved                          | -10        | 10            |       |
| New/net (fully adjusted) total capacity | 110        | 120           |       |
| Net position (invoiced)                 | <b>110</b> | <b>110+10</b> | 230   |
| UDQO                                    | 150        | 150           |       |
| <i>Overrun quantity</i>                 | -40        | -30           |       |
| Baseline                                | 110        | 120           | 230   |

- Point A: User Commitment continues being paid on **110** for the rest of commitment period
- Point B: User Commitment at point B continues being paid on **110** units plus remaining commitment from point A (**10** units)
- Baselines will need to be updated

national**grid**